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VALUES OF NATURE IN THE EDUCATION OF TEENAGERS

Axiological attitude to the nature and ecological culture formation are the indispensable conditions of the society development. The emergence of the essential ecological problems is caused by the low level of people awareness.

A survey has been conducted among the pupils of the 7-th form in Gymnasium. The survey consisted of questions that allowed us to investigate pupils' attitude to nature protection. The results are the following: 71% of pupils consider that nature has created us and gives us an opportunity to live; 17% think that nature is a place to rest and to have fun. All pupils agree that you should always clean up after having the picnics: 46% believe that a person who doesn't clean up should be fined, 50% think that people should be made to clean up. 75% of pupils show their interest to ecological problems of their town pointing out the following: too much rubbish, fume coming from town factories; river contamination; 25% show lack of concern about ecological situation in the town. 42% of pupils have not planted a tree; another 42% have planted 1 – 3 trees; 16% have planted more than 3 trees, some pupils have planted 6 trees. It has become obvious that 92% of pupils take care of nature.

The conducted survey shows that every pupil takes care of nature. It should be pointed out that nature needs our love and care. A teacher should develop students' awareness and observation of nature. The diversity and brightness of nature attract pupils' attention and influence on their positive development.

LITERATURE

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