V INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM OF ECOLOGISTS OF THE REPUBLIC OF MONTENEGRO

ISEM5

THE BOOK OF ABSTRACTS AND PROGRAMME



Hotel PALMA, Tivat, 02-05. 10. 2013

the point Grashnica, values decline due to river mixing with lake water. From this it is concluded that River Velgoshka has a strong negative influence on the water trophic state of Lake Ohrid in the littoral area Grashnica where it inflows.

TOLERANCE OF NAKED AMOEBAS TO THE ABIOTIC FACTORS OF WATER ENVIRONMENT

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The tolerance ranges of most distributed naked amoeba species to main abiotic factors were analyzed in the waters of Zhytomir and Volyn' parts of Ukrainian Poessje during the period from 2009 to 2012. As a result several ecological groups of naked amoebas were set. 6 species (Korotnevella Stella, Cochliopodium sp.(1), Vannella (cf) lata, Mayorella cantabrigiensis, Thecamoeba striata and Vahlkampfia sp.(1)) were marked as eurythermal and registered in the temperature range from 3 to 26 $^{\circ}$ C. 8 species are stenothermal thermophilic which registered in the temperature range from 4 to 26 $^{\circ}$ C (Deuteramoeba mycophaga, Saccamoeba stagnicola, Saccamoeba sp.(1), Saccamoeba sp.(3), Mayorella vespertilioides, Flamella sp., Vahlkampfia sp.(2), Mayorella sp.(1) and Vexillifera sp.) whereas 3 species (Saccamoeba sp.(3), Paradermamoeba valamo and Paradermamoeba levis) are psychrophilic stenothermal which registered in the temperature range from 3 to 6 °C. The such species as K. Stella, Mayorella sp.(1), Vannella (cf) lata, Ripella sp., T. striata, Vahlkampfia sp.(1) and Vahlkampfia sp.(2)) are euryoxidic and observed in oxygen concentrations from 1.37 mg/L to 31.94 mg/L. 8 amoebae species (S. stagnicola, Saccamoeba sp.(1), Korotnevella sp.(2). Vexillifera sp., M. cantabrigiensis, Stenamoeba stenopodia, Flamella sp. and Cochliopodium sp.(1)) were observed under oxygen concentration in water no more than 18.32 mg/L and were classified as stenooxidic. 10 species (K. stella, Korotnevella sp.(2), Vexillifera sp., M. cantabrigiensis, Vannella (cf) lata, Ripella sp., T. striata, Flamella sp., Cochliopodium sp.(1) and Vahlkampfia sp.(1)) are marked under wide range of permanganate oxidability values (from 1.32 mg O2/L to 56.5 mg O2/L) and 5 species (Mayorella sp.(1), S. stagnicola, Saccamoeba sp.(1), S. stenopodia and Vahlkampfia sp.(2)) are marked in the narrow range of permanganate oxidability values (from 2.43 mg $0_2/L$ to 38.03 mg $0_2/L$).

FLORISTIC AND CHOROLOGICAL NEWS FROM NORTHERN KOSOVO, IN THE IBAR RIVER VALLEY

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The terrains in the middle 'course of the Ibar valley were rarely visited and floristically investigated, as evidenced by scarce literature related to this part of Serbia. All the studies so